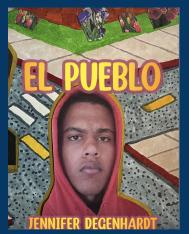
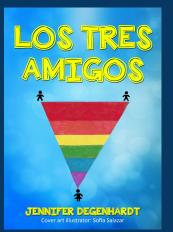
### Using a Comprehensible Novel to Lessen Your Planning (Yes, really!)

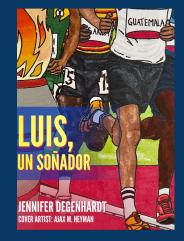


Jennifer Degenhardt Author / Spanish Instructor UCONN Stamford









My daughter is in your Spanish class at UConn this semester, and she gave me your book El Viaje Dificil. I want to thank you for writing that little book as a teaching aid. I am 69 years old; I took Spanish in high school from 1968-'71. I read your book today, and I was very surprised that with the little bit of vocabulary and verbs I could remember, as well as your glossary, I could understand it.

### A Case for Comprehensible Novels

Foreign languages were taught very badly in the late 60s, and I resented that all we learned was verb conjugation with a very limited amount of vocabulary. We weren't taught how to read or write a paragraph, so I couldn't apply it. It frustrated me since I worked around Spanishspeaking people, and couldn't communicate with them for many years.

If we had been taught your method, I might have been able to better apply what I had learned. I am very glad that language teaching has evolved this way. I hadn't realized that I might be able to read a book in Spanish. I thought that I struggled with learning languages, but this has given me the confidence to learn more.

### Why use comprehensible readers?



- **1.** Reading = INPUT
- 2. Provides a foundation at students' pace for higher levels of proficiency, reading comprehension, writing, grammar development
- 3. Fosters the habit of reading
- **4.** Allows for continuity from class to class and/or downtime for all (FVR)
- 5. Can be the basis of low/no-prep lesson planning

### Teachers Pre-Reading Tips : THEMES

- READ novel to determine THEMES
- CREATE questions to involve students and get them thinking



CREATE a slideshow or visuals to help get the conversation started

### UNIT PLAN FOR A COMPREHENSIBLE NOVEL

Title of Novel:

Days:

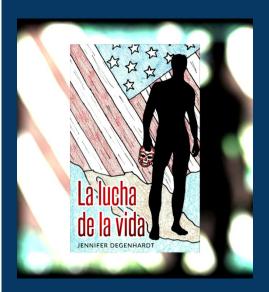
Unit essential vocabulary/structures/expressions:

Unit essential themes:

Unit essential culture topics:

Unit essential questions/novel essential questions:

Unit resources/links/activities/assessments:





### Teacher Pre -Reading Tips: VOCAB/STRUCTURES



- DETERMINE what VOCABULARY is repeated throughout the novel

 CREATE questions (at students' level) to allow them to absorb this new vocab/grammar

- USE images to reinforce this vocab/grammar

### Teacher Pre-Reading Tips: CULTURE

 DETERMINE what CULTURE TOPIC(S) are present in the novel



 FIND short video/podcast resources to introduce the culture

 ENGAGE students as to why language and culture are inextricably linked

### **Examples of culture:**

- Dialects & accents
- Pastimes, etiquette & customs
- Fashion/Dress
- Family life
- Beliefs
- History
- Traditions & Celebrations
- Vocabulary
- Foods
- Weather

- Education
- Geography
- Social media
- Music
- Film & TV
- Legends
- Economy
- Politics
- Customs

### Pre-Reading Tips with Students: BOOK COVER CHAT





ASK questions based on students' level: yes/no for novice learners; more complex questions for upper-level students

Objective: Get them interested first and then have them use the target language!

### **Pre-Reading Tips with Students :** *PICTURE CHAT*

Like the COVER CHAT, but with illustrations from the book

Same strategy as before: show 'em the illustrations!

Theresa Marrama



Objectives: to get students to think about the story and what they might encounter when they read.

Other strategy: provide 4-5 images from the book, have students order them and tell their own story.

### **Pre -Reading Tips with Students:** CHAPTER TITLE SCRAMBLE\*

\*for books that have titled chapters

- TAKE chapter titles & have students arrange them in the order THEY think the story will happen. Can be done individually or in groups



 DIRECT students to write a short story of their own telling about what they think happens in the story

ALLOW students to draw what they think the chapter is about and use the images to tell a partner what they think the story is about





### During-Reading Tips: COGNATE SEARCH



While reading the chapter (lower levels - teacher reads aloud while students read OR the students read the digital version as they listen to audio)

Students write down as many cognates as they read/hear from the chapter. Have them share and you can write the list on the board.

Amazing how many words they will already recognize!

### During-Reading Tips: COMIC STRIP everybody loves to draw - even college students!

DIRECT students to create a blank comic strip template by folding a piece of paper into 8 squares - Students draw what happens in a chapter OR teacher creates 8 scenes in short, comprehensible sentences that are read to the students (students draw what they hear) Next day, have students pair up and retell chapter in the target language

### **CHAPTER 1 SENTENCES**

TO PUT IN LOGICAL ORDER (PRINT SENTENCES AND CUT INTO STRIPS)

- TO CREATE A COMIC STRIP FROM SENTENCES READ OR LISTENED TO (DRAW)
  - TO WRITE QUESTIONS ABOUT THE CHAPTER

José llega a casa.

Vive con su esposa y sus tres hijos, dos hijas y un hijo.

Su esposa, Esmilda, está preparando la sopa.

José entra en la cocina y habla con Esmilda.

Esmilda da la comida al José.

Esmilda le dice al José del problema con la lavadora.

Esmilda y José hablan de los problemas económicos.

José va a reparar la máquina el próximo día.



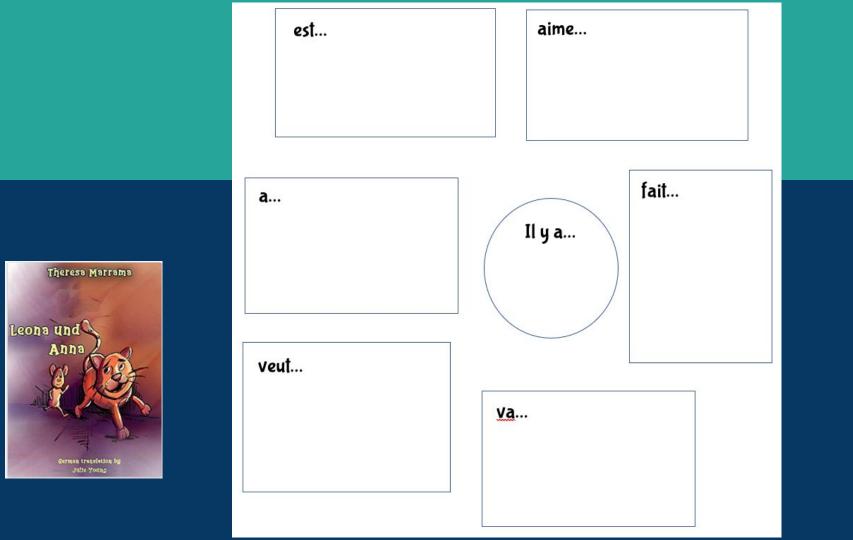
You can create (or, even better, have students create) simple sentences to summarize the chapter for use with a comic strip, reordering of sentences for chapter comprehension.

### After-Reading Tips: STORYMAP the CHAPTER or NOVEL

LE SAC À DOS

Using a teacher-generated story map graphic organizer, students map out (in words) the information that reiterates the use of the super 7 verbs (the verbs most used in the language)

goes, is, has, wants, does, there is, likes





- CHOOSE quotes (or have students choose quotes) from different characters
- READ chosen quotes for a Who Said It? Game
- Depending on students' language level, DIRECT students to create dialogue a character *might* say

## After-Reading Tips: Character Autopsy

- DIRECT students draw an outline of their character (or provide one)
- CHALLENGE students to dress the character and provide words, phrases or sentences for specific body parts.

Example: Head= thoughts, hopes, concerns Mouth = favorite quote from character Leg = where the character goes Hand = what character does

### Character Autopsy

With your group, draw a large outline of your character. Dress them in clothes they would actually wear and fill it with the words/phrases/sentences described below.

### La cabeza/el cerebro:

Fill your character's head/brain with at least three of their thoughts, hopes, or concerns. Each can be a word/phrase and add an emoji to clarify how they feel about each

### La boca:

Around the mouth write your favorite thing the character says. It could be funny, wise, brave etc. Quote directly from the text. (Dice " ... ")

### Los brazos:

On one arm think about what the character would like to hold if they could only hold one thing. What's important to him/her? (Le importa(n)...)

On the other arm think about who or what the character might like to CREATE or DESTROY. (Quiere crear/destruir...)

### Las manos:

In one hand draw a phone and write a text message the character would like to receive In the other hand draw a phone and write a text message they would NOT like to receive. These should be totally different. For example, don't put "Te amo" on one and "No te amo" on the other Senorahastan

(6)

### El corazón:

What does the character love? (Le encanta...) Who does the character love? (Ama a...) Use complete sentences and include a reason why (porque).

### El estómago:

In their belly write what they like to eat (le gusta comer) and what they do eat (come) throughout the book

### Las piernas:

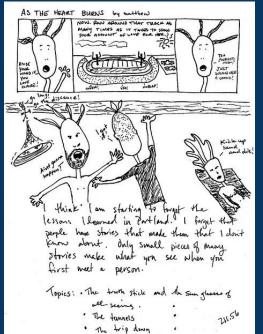
On one leg list places that the character goes in the story (Va a...) On the other leg write where they are going to go now that the story has ended. Use your best quess (Va a ir a...)

### Los pies:

On their feet write two things the character either would learn (aprendería que) or does learn (aprende que) by changing perspective and stepping into someone else's shoes



# After -Reading Tips: Smash Doodle



A journal-like page that is bunch of images and words/phrases smashed together, kind of like a scrapbook page.

Summary of a chapter or an entire book.

### **Example - External Resources used:** *Maria Maria: un cuento de un huracán*

Podcast: La Brega (in English and Spanish)

- Duolingo podcast: <u>El embajador de mofongo</u> (food)
- Video: <u>History of the Puerto Rico</u> (brief)
- Music video: <u>Hijos del cañaveral</u> use to compare with La borinqueña (national anthem of Puerto Rico)
- Lyrics: <u>Hijos del cañaveral</u>
- Vocab: <u>Hijos del cañaveral</u> (Song used for culture & history discussion while reading the story)

### A non-comprehensive list of activities to use with readers

Theresa Marrama

e Château

Chambord Première partie : Secrets d'une famille

speaking	writing	reading	listening
<ul> <li>Partner interviews</li> <li>Speed "networking"</li> <li>Questions on PPT</li> <li>Retelling of comic strip drawn</li> <li>Word strings</li> <li>Meet &amp; greet character "party" activity</li> <li>Airplane dictation</li> <li>Personal question asking (PQA)</li> <li>Character maps</li> <li>Picture talk</li> <li>Reader's theater</li> <li>Turn &amp; talk</li> <li>Think-pair-share</li> <li>Gallery walk</li> <li>Dramatic characters</li> <li>Look &amp; discuss</li> <li>Whole class conversation</li> <li>Conversation circles</li> <li>Debate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare &amp; contrast(Venn diagram/T-chart)</li> <li>Chapter questions</li> <li>Engaging openended prompts</li> <li>Texting/Tweeting activity</li> <li>Instagram activity</li> <li>Snapchat (using templates)</li> <li>Grammar using examples from book</li> <li>Alternate ending</li> <li>Cartoon: one image drawing</li> <li>Comic strip: multiple image drawing</li> <li>Discussion boards given the themes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Re-order chapter</li> <li>Sequence activities</li> <li>Who said it (character quotes)</li> <li>Cultural reading</li> <li>Pre-reading scavenger hunt with questions</li> <li>Internet scavenger hunt</li> <li>Articles related to book for compare &amp; contrast</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lists of words to listen for when listening to chapter</li> <li>Who said it (character quotes)</li> <li>Comic strip activity</li> <li>Video/Audio clips related to book themes (to frontload vocab) &amp; easy questions</li> <li>Movies related to book's theme</li> <li>Dramatic characters</li> </ul>

# Where to learn more about how to use comprehensible readers:

- 1. Teacher's Discovery YouTube channel
- 2. Courses at Idioma Consulting (asynchronous, self-paced courses that I facilitate).



Teaching Social Justice with Novels in the Spanish Classroom Summer I 2023 (May 23 - July 1)

Novice Level Novels to Enhance Communication in the Spanish Classroom Spring 2023 (October 23 - December 8)

Discount code: JEND20





### Contact me via my website: www.puenteslanguage.com

